

# Chapter 29: Magnetic Fields

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## 1 Units and Variables

$F_B$  - force due to a magnetic field, in newtons

$q$  - charge on a particle, in coulombs

$v$  - velocity of a particle, in  $\frac{m}{s}$

$B$  - magnetic field, in teslas

$I$  - current on a wire, in amperes

$L$  - length of a wire, in meters

$\mu$  - magnetic dipole moment, in  $Am^2$

$\tau$  - torque, in  $Nm$

$U$  - potential energy, in joules

$r$  - radius of a circular path, in meters

$\omega$  - angular speed of a charged particle, in  $\frac{rad}{s}$

## 2 Equations

Magnetic force exerted on a particle moving through a magnetic field

$$F_B = qv \times B$$

Magnetic force exerted on a current carrying wire

$$F_B = IL \times B$$

$$F_B = I \int_a^b ds \times B$$

$F_B$  on a closed loop wire is 0

Magnetic dipole moment of a current loop

$$\mu = IA$$

Torque on a magnetic dipole moment

$$\tau = \mu \times B$$

Potential energy of a system of a magnetic dipole moment

$$U = -\mu \cdot B$$

$U_{max} = -\mu B$  when  $\mu$  points in the same direction as  $B$

$U_{min} = +\mu B$  when  $\mu$  points in the opposite direction of  $B$

Radius of circular motion of a charged particle

$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

Angular speed of a charged particle

$$\omega = \frac{v}{r} = \frac{qB}{m}$$